

in quadruplicate will be supplied to collectors for the purpose by Deputy Commissioners. The treasury should check the amount of the chellan with the amounts noted in the counterfoils of the receipt book covered by the chellan. It should also see that the treasury number of the chellan is correctly noted in the counterfoils and that in the chellan the numbers of the receipts covered by the chellan are noted.

4. In respect of payments tendered directly at District and Taluk Treasuries, the Treasury Officer will act as collector. He will give a receipt to the party in the prescribed form and transfer the collections to treasury balance at intervals in the manner indicated above.

5. A stock of counterfoil receipt books and quadruplicate chellan books is kept in the office of the undersigned and will be supplied on indent to Deputy Commissioners. A stock account of receipt books and chellan books should be kept in the office of Deputy Commissioners. Collectors should preserve the counterfoils of used up receipt books and chellan books to be returned when called for.

6. The treasury will, after crediting the amount in the accounts, send the quadruplicate copy of the chellan immediately by the day's post to the Honorary Secretary to the Fund. The triplicates will be collected and sent to the undersigned immediately after the close of the month with a schedule of receipts on behalf of the Fund. The duplicate copy will be filed in the treasury.

7. It is particularly requested that all delay either in despatching the chellan to the Honorary Secretary or the monthly accounts to the undersigned should be avoided.

J. S. CHAKRAVARTI,
Comptroller.

INSURANCE.

THE MYSORE STATE LIFE INSURANCE—FAMILY PENSION BRANCH.

Dated 15th October 1914.

As sanctioned in Government Order No. F1. 4906—B. 33-09-6, dated 18th March 1911, a Family Pension Branch was started as an adjunct to the Mysore State Life Insurance Scheme under separate Rules and has been in operation from August 1911. All employees of the Government who are eligible for life insurance may secure substantial pensions to their parents, wife, children and certain other relations by paying additional monthly subscriptions. For example, an employee whose present age is twenty-five years, may secure a life pension of Rs. 5 payable from the date of his death, to his wife whose present age is 18, by paying a monthly subscription of Rs. 1-7-9. Similarly a monthly pension of Rs. 5 payable from the date of death of the subscriber to the date on which his son attains his 21st year or his daughter attains her 18th year or marries, may be secured to a son or daughter whose present age is 5 years, by paying a monthly subscription of Rs. 0-11-7.

As a concrete instance of the benefits of the fund, the following case may be mentioned. An officer joined the Family Pension Branch as a subscriber in August 1913, the monthly subscription payable by him being Rs. 17-10-10. He died in September 1914, having paid subscriptions to the extent of Rs. 230. The following pensions are payable to his nominees:—

Monthly. Mother Rs. 10, wife Rs. 20, both for life. Each of his 4 daughters Rs. 10, till they attain their 18th year or marry.

There are reasons to believe that the existence of this Branch of the State Life Insurance office and its benefits are not known to many Government employees. Every one interested is requested to obtain a copy of detailed rules by applying to the Secretary to the Mysore State Life Insurance Committee, Bangalore.

J. S. CHAKRAVARTI,
Secretary, Insurance Committee.

JUDICIAL DEPARTMENT.

KOLAR DISTRICT.

Notification dated 5th June 1916.

It is notified for the information of those to whom it may concern that as required by Chief Court Rule of Practice No. 86, dated 12th April 1913, the undermentioned Criminal Records on the file of the Amildar Magistrate of Chikballapur-Taluk have been marked out